

TEAR OUT AND ATTACH THIS BUSH FIRE ASSESSMENT REPORT WITH YOUR APPLICATION TO COUNCIL

SECTION TWO BUSH FIRE ASSESSMENT REPORT

PART A: Property details

Applicant name: Linda Hall c/- Christina Parris
Contact phone numbers Home: Mobile:Mobile:
Council: Mid Coast Council
Council reference (if known):
Lot: 9 Section 4
DP: 758177
Address to be developed: 4 River St Buladelah NSW 2423
My property is on Bush Fire Prone Land: Yes 🔀 No
PART B: Type of proposal
Type of Proposal:
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Type of Proposal: New Building X Urban Isolated Rural Rural Rural Residential Alteration/Additions to an existing building Proposal Description: e.g. two storey house with attached

PART C: Bush fire attack and level of construction

Step 1

Assess the vegetation hazard in all directions

Category	North	East	South	West
Keith vegetation	Rainforest	Rainforest	Rainforest	Rainforest
group	Forest	Forest	Forest	Forest
	Grassy and Semi-Arid Woodland	Woodland	Woodland	Woodland
	Forested Wetland	Forested Wetland	Forested Wetland	Forested Wetland
	Tall Heath	Tall Heath	Tall Heath	Tall Heath
	Short Heath	Short Heath	Short Heath	Short Heath
	Arid-Shrubland	Arid-Shrubland	Arid-Shrubland	Arid-Shrubland
	Freshwater Wetlands	Freshwater Wetlands	Freshwater Wetlands	Freshwater Wetlands
	Grasslands	Grasslands	Grasslands	Grasslands
	Managed Land	Managed Land	Managed Land	Managed Land

Copy of any relevant photos attached:

Yes 🗙 No 🗌

Step 2

Determine the distance from the building to the bush fire vegetation hazard

Aspect	North	East	South	West
Distance	87 m	m	m	36 m

Step 3

Determine the effective slope that will influence bush fire behaviour in each direction

Category	North	East	South	West
Slope under the hazard (over 100m) [in degrees]	upslope/flat	upslope/flat	upslope/flat	upslope/flat
	© to 5	>0 to 5	>0 to 5	0 to 5
	>5 to 10	>5 to 10	>5 to 10	>5 to 10
	>10 to 15	>10 to 15	>10 to 15	>10 to 15
	>15 to 20	>15 to 20	>15 to 20	>15 to 20

Step 4

Determine the FFDI that applies to your local government area. Circle the relevant FFDI below

100		80	X
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Step 5

FFDI:

Match the relevant FFDI, vegetation, distance and slope to determine the required BAL.

Identify the BAL for each direction, select the highest level for the entire building and record below. Note BAL-12.5 is the lowest construction level within the scope of AS3959-2018.

Bush Fire Attack Level:

BAL-	FZ	
	10	



Step 6

Determining BAL construction requirements

Once the appropriate BAL has been determined in Step 5, AS3959-2018 and or/ the NASH Standard 2014 will be used to determine the construction requirements for the proposed design.

Does your proposal meet the construction requirements for the BALs required as per AS3959-2018 and the NASH Standard (2014):

Yes	X	No	
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Grassland Deeming Provisions Assessment

This assessment is only required where the deeming provisions are to be used. Where the deeming provisions are not to be used, previous Steps 1 to 6 in Part C must be applied. Tick which box below applies to individual circumstances:



An APZ of 50m or more can be provided – this can be considered to meet PBP 2019, no further bush fire protection measures are required



An APZ of 20-49m can be provided - comply with Grassland Deeming Provisions requirements in the following Table

An APZ of less than 20m is provided or the standard assessment process is proposed - use the assessment process identified in Steps 1 to 6 above

Grassland Deeming Provisions

BUSH FIRE PROTECTION MEASURE	GRASSLAND DEEMING PROVISIONS
	Iimited to a maximum of 15 degrees downslope;
APZ	minimum APZ of 20m is provided between the building and unmanaged grass;
	> the APZ is wholly within the boundaries of the development site; and
	the APZ is maintained as a mown area with grass heights less than 100mm.
Construction	construction in accordance with BAL-12.5 of AS3959-2018 and any additional construction requirements in PBP 2019.
Access	> comply with the property access provisions in Part G.
Water supply	> comply with the water supply provisions in Part E.
Landscaping	comply with the relevant provisions in Appendix 4 of PBP 2019, noting that other vegetation bush fire hazards cannot be present if these provisions are to apply.

PART D: Flame zone

Provide details and justification for any additional bush fire protection measures required for a performance based solution.

PART E: Water supplies

Does your property have a reticulated water supply?; If so, please provide details on the distance to the nearest fire hydrant on your site plan.

Reticulated water supply is available:



Yes No 🗙

Distance (m) to hydrant from house.

Do you have or do you plan to have a dedicated water supply for firefighting purposes?

Development Type	Water Requirement	Planned	Existing
Residential Lots (<1,000m²)	5,000 I/lot		
Rural-residential Lots (1,000 – 10,000m²) <1 ha	10,000 I/lot		
Large Rural/Lifestyle Lots (>10,000m²) >1 ha	20,000 l/lot		
Townhouse/Unit Style (e.g. Flats including Dual Occupancy)	5,000 l/unit up to 20,000l maximum.		

Do you have or do you plan to have a static water supply (e.g. pool, tank or dam)?

Include approximate size in litres and also include tank material if using a tank:

Water supply type	Capacity	Construction material	Planned	Existing
e.g. pool	50,0001	Above ground rolled steel with plastic line	er	

NOTE: Check with your local council concerning their Local Environmental Plan (LEP) or their Development Control Plan (DCP) as this may dictate the type and size of tank.



Do you have reticulated or bottled gas?	Yes 🗙	No
Type of gas:		
Reticulated gas:	Yes	Νο 🗙
Bottled gas:	Yes 🗙	No

NOTE: When attaching development plans please ensure they clearly show location and details of electricity and gas (where relevant) on your property.

Part G: Access

Does the development proposal meet the requirements as defined in this document?

